

# RML-view-to-CSV: A Proof-of-Concept Implementation for RML Logical Views

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RML Mapping Language (RML)

RML Logical Views

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Evaluation

Conclusion

# Content

RML Mapping Language (RML)

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# RML is a language to express mapping rules from heterogeneous data to RDF

```
:peopleSource a rml:LogicalSource ;  
  rml:source "people.json" ;  
  rml:referenceFormulation rml:JSONPath ;  
  rml:iterator "$.people[*]" .
```

```
:tm a rml:TriplesMap ;  
  rml:logicalSource :peopleSource ;  
  rml:subjectMap [  
    rml:template "http://ex.com/person/{$.name}";  
    rml:class ex:Person].
```

```
people.json:  
{ "people": [  
  { "name": "alice"},  
  { "name": "bob" }  
] }
```

```
ex:person/alice a ex:Person .  
ex:person/bob a ex:Person .
```

# RML is a language to express mapping rules from heterogeneous data to RDF

```
:peopleSource a rml:LogicalSource ;  
  rml:source "people.json" ;  
  rml:referenceFormulation rml:JSONPath ;  
  rml:iterator "$.people[*]" .
```

```
:tm a rml:TriplesMap ;  
  rml:logicalSource :peopleSource ;  
  rml:subjectMap [  
    rml:template "http://ex.com/person/{$.name}";  
    rml:class ex:Person].
```

ITERATOR \$.people[\*]  
1. { "name": "alice" }  
2. { "name": "bob" }


























\$.name  
1.1. alice  
2.1. bob

```
people.json:  
{ "people": [  
  { "name": "alice" },  
  { "name": "bob" }  
] }
```

```
ex:person/alice a ex:Person  
ex:person/bob a ex:Person
```

# RML Ontology Modules

Here you can find the list of modules of the mapping language RML.

Ontology	Serialization	License	Language	Links	Description
RML-Core	<a href="#">rdf+xml</a> <a href="#">ttl</a>	<a href="#">CC-BY</a>	<a href="#">en</a>	 <a href="#">Repository</a>  <a href="#">Issues</a>  <a href="#">Requirements</a>  <a href="#">Specification</a>  <a href="#">Shapes</a>	Core ontology that defines the necessary resources to create a mapping.
RML-IO: Source and Target	<a href="#">rdf+xml</a> <a href="#">ttl</a>	<a href="#">CC-BY</a>	<a href="#">en</a>	 <a href="#">Repository</a>  <a href="#">Issues</a>  <a href="#">Requirements</a>  <a href="#">Specification</a>  <a href="#">Shapes</a>	Ontology module that allows the description of input data sources and target outputs.
RML-CC: Collections and Containers	<a href="#">rdf+xml</a> <a href="#">ttl</a>	<a href="#">CC-BY</a>	<a href="#">en</a>	 <a href="#">Repository</a>  <a href="#">Issues</a>  <a href="#">Requirements</a>  <a href="#">Specification</a>  <a href="#">Shapes</a>	Ontology module that allows the generation of collections and containers.
RML-FNML: Functions	<a href="#">rdf+xml</a> <a href="#">ttl</a>	<a href="#">CC-BY</a>	<a href="#">en</a>	 <a href="#">Repository</a>  <a href="#">Issues</a>  <a href="#">Requirements</a>  <a href="#">Specification</a>  <a href="#">Shapes</a>	Ontology module that allows the application of data transformation functions.
RML-Star	<a href="#">rdf+xml</a> <a href="#">ttl</a>	<a href="#">CC-BY</a>	<a href="#">en</a>	 <a href="#">Repository</a>  <a href="#">Issues</a>  <a href="#">Requirements</a>  <a href="#">Specification</a>  <a href="#">Shapes</a>	Ontology module that allows the construction of RDF-star graphs.

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RML Mapping Language (RML)

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# RML Logical Views are virtual views on top of logical sources

```
:peopleSource a rml:LogicalSource ;  
  rml:source "json_data.json" ;  
  rml:referenceFormulation rml:JSONPath ;  
  rml:iterator "$.people[*]" .
```

```
:peopleView a rml:LogicalView ;  
  rml:onLogicalSource :peopleSource ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "firstname" ;  
    rml:reference "$.name" ; ] .
```

```
:tm a rml:TriplesMap ;  
  rml:logicalSource :peopleView ;  
  rml:subjectMap [  
    rml:template "http://ex.com/person/{firstname}";  
    rr:class ex:Person ] .
```

```
people.json:  
{ "people": [  
  { "name": "alice" },  
  { "name": "bob" }  
] }
```

firstname
alice
bob

```
ex:person/alice a ex:Person .  
ex:person/bob a ex:Person .
```



# RML Logical Views offer solutions for open issues in RML

Inability to handle hierarchy in nested data

Inability to handle mixed data formats

Limited join functionality



RML-LV module under development

<https://github.com/kg-construct/rml-lv>

# Issue 1: Inability to handle hierarchy in nested data

```
{ "people": [  
  { "name": "alice",  
    "items": [  
      { "type": "sword", "weight": 1500},  
      { "type": "shield", "weight": 2500} ] } ,  
  { "name": "bob",  
    "items": [  
      { "type": "flower", "weight": 15 } ] } ] } }
```



```
ex:person/alice/sword ex:hasWeight 1500.  
ex:person/alice/shield ex:hasWeight 2500.  
ex:person/bob/flower ex:hasItem 15.
```

# Issue 1: Inability to handle hierarchy in nested data

```
{ "people": [  
  { "name": "alice",  
    "items": [  
      { "type": "sword", "weight": 1500},  
      { "type": "shield", "weight": 2500} ] } ,  
  { "name": "bob",  
    "items": [  
      { "type": "flower", "weight": 15 } ] } ] ] }
```

ITERATOR \$.people[\*]

1. {"name": "alice", "items": [...]}
2. {"name": "bob", "items": [...]}



\$.name,\$.items[\*].type, \$items[\*].weight

- 1.1. alice, sword, 1500
2. alice, sword, 2500
3. alice, shield, 1500
4. alice, shield, 2500
- 2.1. bob, flower, 15

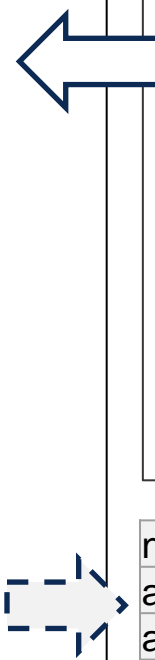
ex:person/alice/sword ex:hasWeight 1500.  
ex:person/alice/shield ex:hasWeight 2500.  
ex:person/bob/flower ex:hasItem 15.

# Solution 1: Flattening of nested data structures

```
:peopleView a rml:LogicalView ;  
  rml:onLogicalSource :peopleSource ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "name" ;  
    rml:reference "$.name" ; ] ;
```

```
rml:field [  
  rml:fieldName "item" ;  
  rml:reference "$.items[*]" ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "type" ;  
    rml:reference "$.type" ; ] ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "weight" ;  
    rml:reference "$.weight" ; ] ; ] .
```

```
people.json  
{ "people": [  
  { "name": "alice",  
    "items": [  
      { "type": "sword",  
        "weight": 1500 },  
      { "type": "shield",  
        "weight": 2500 } ] },  
  { "name": "bob",  
    "items": [  
      { "type": "flower",  
        "weight": 15 } ] } ] ] }
```



name	item	item.type	item.weight
alice	{...}	sword	1500
alice	{...}	shield	2500
bob	{...}	flower	15

# Solution 1: Flattening of nested data structures

```
:peopleView a rml:LogicalView ;  
  rml:onLogicalSource :peopleSource ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "name" ;  
    rml:reference "$.name" ; ] ;
```

```
rml:field [  
  rml:fieldName "item" ;  
  rml:reference "$.items[*]" ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "type" ;  
    rml:reference "$.type" ; ] ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "weight" ;  
    rml:reference "$.weight" ; ] ; ] .
```

Nested fields

```
people.json  
{ "people": [  
  { "name": "alice",  
    "items": [  
      { "type": "sword",  
        "weight": 1500 },  
      { "type": "shield",  
        "weight": 2500 } ] },  
  { "name": "bob",  
    "items": [  
      { "type": "flower",  
        "weight": 15 } ] } ] }
```

Dot notation

name	item	item.type	item.weight
alice	{...}	sword	1500
alice	{...}	shield	2500
bob	{...}	flower	15

## Issue 2: Inability to handle mixed data formats

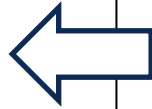
```
name, item
alice, {"type":"sword","weight": 2500}
alice, {"type":"shield","weight": 1500}
bob,   {"type":"flower","weight": 15 }
```



```
ex:person/alice ex:hasItem "sword", "shield".
ex:person/bob ex:hasItem "flower".
```

# Solution 2: Handling of mixed data formats

```
:peopleView2 a rml:LogicalView ;
  rml:onLogicalSource [
    rml:source "./people.csv" ;
    rml:referenceFormulation rml:CSV ;
    rml:field [
      rml:fieldName "item" ;
      rml:reference "$.items[*]" ;
      rml:referenceFormulation rml:JSONPath ;
      rml:field [
        rml:fieldName "type" ;
        rml:reference "$.type" ;
      ] ;
      rml:field [
        rml:fieldName "weight" ;
        rml:reference "$.weight" ;
      ] ;
    ] ;
  ] ;
```



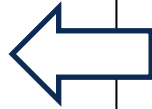
```
people.csv
name, item
alice, {"type":"sword", ...}
alice, {"type":"shield", ...}
bob, {"type":"flower", ...}
```

name	item	item.type	item.weight
alice	{...}	sword	1500
alice	{...}	shield	2500
bob	{...}	flower	15



# Solution 2: Handling of mixed data formats

```
:peopleView2 a rml:LogicalView ;
  rml:onLogicalSource [
    rml:source "./people.csv" ;
    rml:referenceFormulation rml:CSV ;
  ] ;
  rml:field [
    rml:fieldName "item" ;
    rml:reference "$.items[*]" ;
    rml:referenceFormulation rml:JSONPath ;
    rml:iterator "$.*"
    rml:field [
      rml:fieldName "type" ;
      rml:reference "$.type" ;
    ] ;
    rml:field [
      rml:fieldName "weight" ;
      rml:reference "$.weight" ;
    ] ;
  ] ;
```



```
people.csv
name, item
alice, {"type":"sword", ...}
alice, {"type":"shield", ...}
bob, {"type":"flower", ...}
```

Optional reference formulation  
per field

name	item	item.type	item.weight
alice	{...}	sword	1500
alice	{...}	shield	2500
bob	{...}	flower	15





# Issue 3: Limited join functionality

name,	id
alice,	1
bob,	2
tobias,	3

name,	item_type
alice,	sword
alice,	shield
bob,	flower



ex:person/1	ex:hasItem	"sword", "shield".
ex:person/2	ex:hasItem	"flower".

# Solution 3: Extended joining of data sources

```
:idView a rml:LogicalView ;  
  rml:onLogicalSource :idSource ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "name";  
    rml:reference "name"; ] ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "id";  
    rml:reference "id"; ] ;
```

```
rml:leftJoin [  
  rml:parentLogicalView :peopleView ;  
  rml:joinCondition [  
    rml:parent "name";  
    rml:child "name"; ] ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "item_type";  
    rml:reference "item.type"; ] ;  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "item_weight";  
    rml:reference "item.weight"; ] ; ] .
```

```
id.csv  
name, id  
alice, 1  
bob, 2  
tobias,3
```

name	item	item.type	item.weight
alice	{...}	sword	1500
alice	{...}	shield	2500
bob	{...}	flower	15

name	id	item_type	item_weight
alice	1	sword	1500
alice	1	shield	2500
bob	2	flower	15
tobias	3		

# Solution 3: Extended joining of data sources

```
:idView a rml:LogicalView ;  
rml:onLogicalSource :idSource ;  
rml:field [  
  rml:fieldName "name";  
  rml:reference "name"; ];  
rml:field [  
  rml:fieldName "id";  
  rml:reference "id"; ];
```

```
id.csv  
name, id  
alice, 1  
bob, 2  
tobias,3
```

Join with another logical view

```
rml:leftJoin [  
  rml:parentLogicalView :peopleView;  
  rml:joinCondition [  
    rml:parent "name";  
    rml:child "name"; ];  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "item_type";  
    rml:reference "item.type"; ]  
  rml:field [  
    rml:fieldName "item_weight";  
    rml:reference "item.weight"; ] ];
```

name	item	item.type	item.weight
alice	{...}	sword	1500
		shield	2500
		flower	15

Compare fields in join condition

name	id	item_type	item_weight
alice	1	sword	1500
alice	1	shield	2500
bob	2	flower	15
tobias	3		

Add and rename fields from the join

# Content

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# RML-view-to-CSV implements RML Logical Views

Proof-of-Concept:

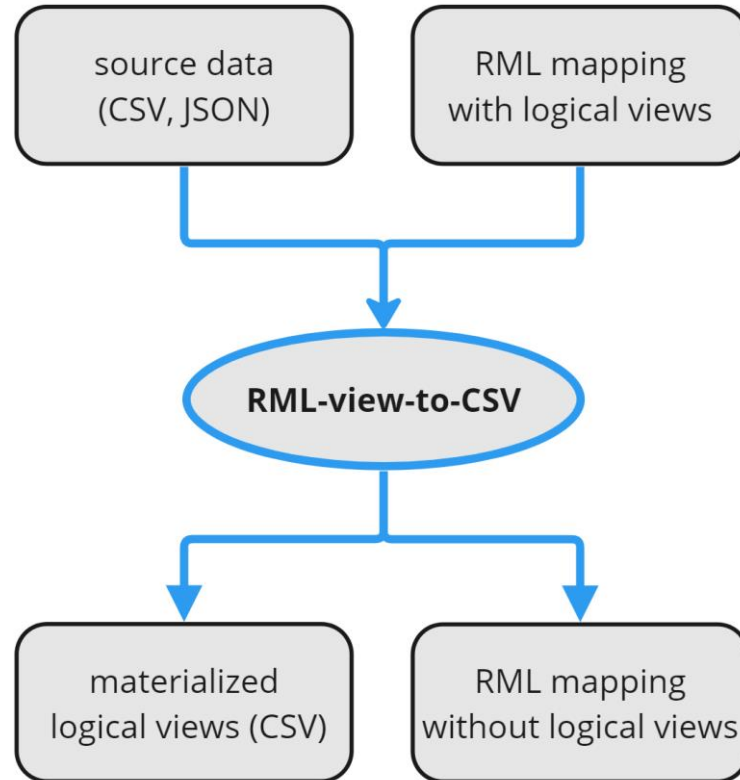
- one tabular source format (CSV)

- one nested source format (JSON)

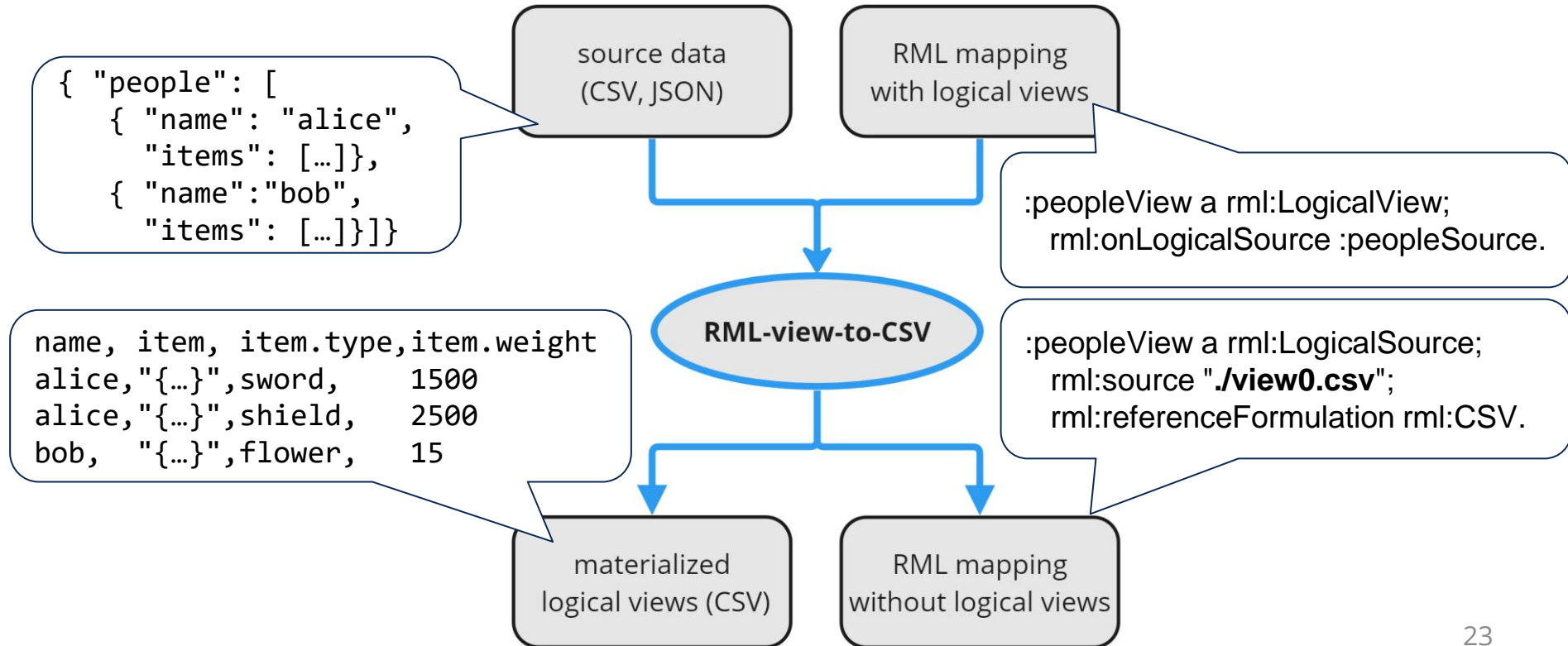
Built on top of Python pandas

<https://github.com/RMLio/rml-view-to-csv>

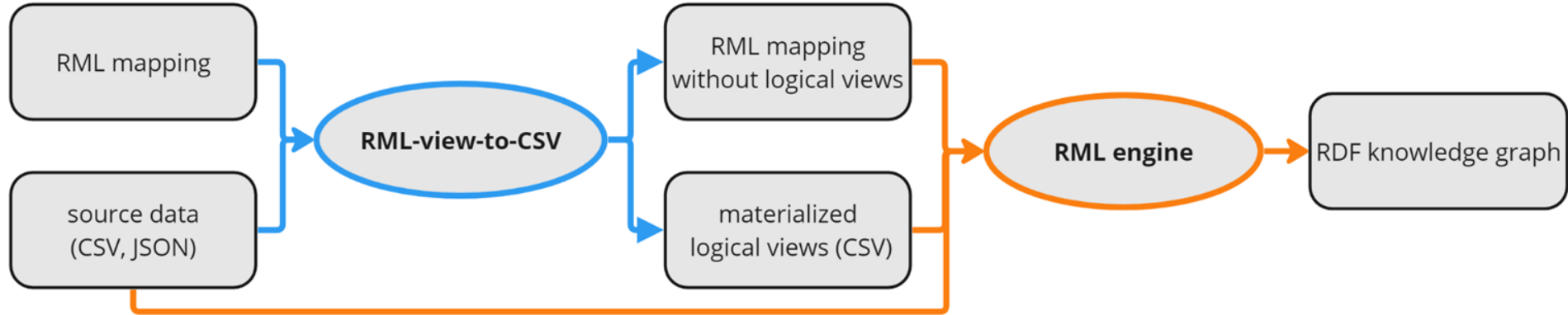
# RML-view-to-CSV materializes RML Logical Views and rewrites the mapping



# RML-view-to-CSV materializes RML Logical Views and rewrites the mapping

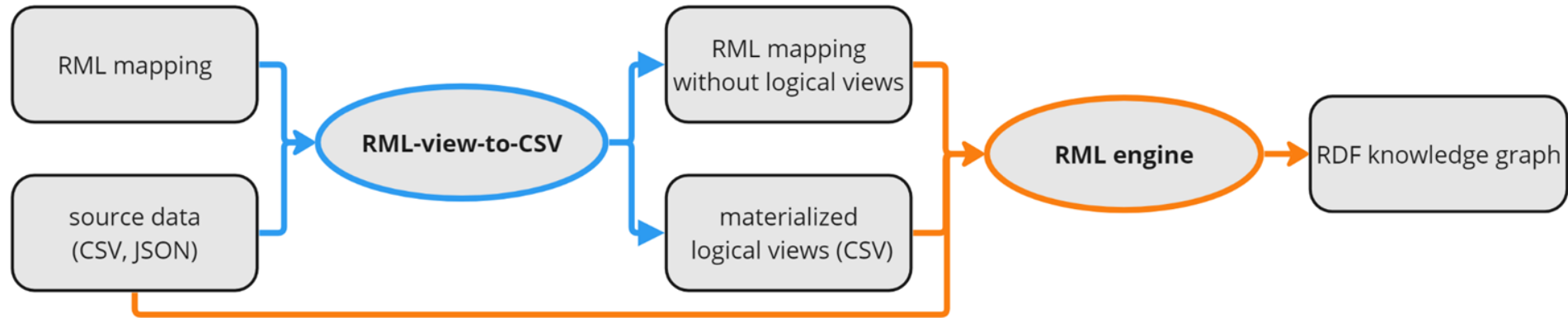


# RML mapping engines can use RML-view-to-CSV as preprocessor





# RML mapping engines can use RML-view-to-CSV as preprocessor



With this pipeline we **executed** and **corrected the test cases** in the RML Logical Views module

# Extension to all joins

## RML-view-to-CSV

Rewrite  
referencing  
object maps as  
logical views

Execute  
logical views

# Needed optimizations encountered when running the benchmarks

## RML-view-to-CSV

Rewrite  
unnecessary self-  
joins to normal  
object maps

Rewrite  
referencing  
object maps as  
logical views

Execute  
logical  
views

Eliminate  
unnecessary  
fields and  
duplicate lines

# Content

RML Mapping Language (RML)

RML Logical Views

RML-view-to-CSV

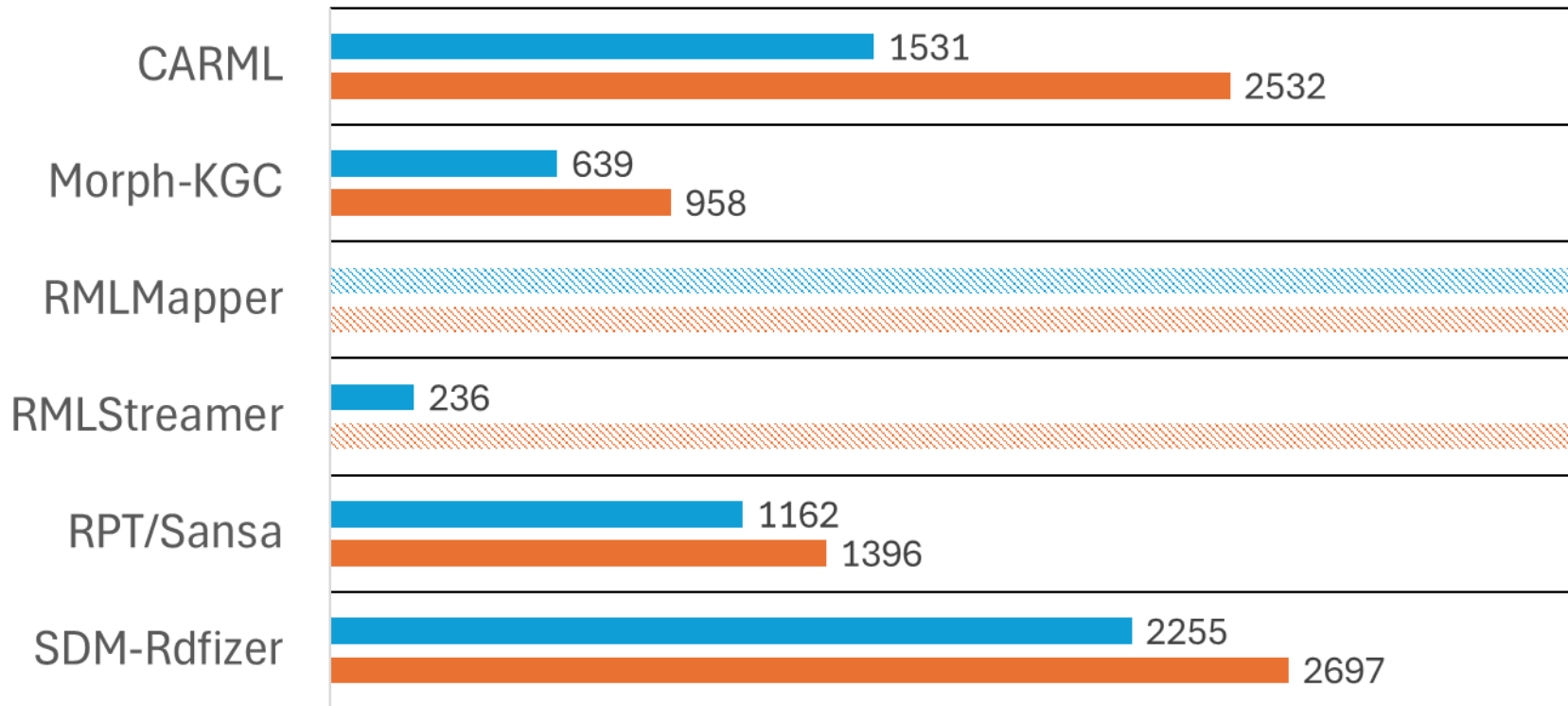
**Evaluation**

Conclusion

# Faster knowledge graph construction

GTFS-Madrid-Bench scale 100 execution time (s)

■ RML-view-to-CSV & RML engine  
■ RML Engine



# Content

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# Conclusion

The **RML Logical Views spec** is still **under development**.  
**RML-view-to-CSV** **validates and improves** the RML Logical Views spec.  
The evaluation shows **performance gains** and the **potential of a modular approach**.

## *Future*

**Continue** to support the RML Logical Views development implementing **new features** (e.g. indexes, aggregations), and validating **formal definitions**.

# RML-view-to-CSV: A Proof-of-Concept Implementation for RML Logical Views

[https://raw.githubusercontent.com/elsdvlee/papers/main/2024/RML-view-to-CSV\\_A\\_Proof-of-Concept\\_Implementation\\_for\\_RML\\_Logical\\_Views.pdf](https://raw.githubusercontent.com/elsdvlee/papers/main/2024/RML-view-to-CSV_A_Proof-of-Concept_Implementation_for_RML_Logical_Views.pdf)

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